CITY ITEMS.

CITY HOSPITAL .- The number of patients admitted to this Hospital during the month of May was 304. There were remaining on the 1st of May, 313; and during the month 289 were dischargedwhich leaves a remainder of 228. Sixty emigrants, who were cared for at the expense of the Commisgioners of Emigration, are not included in the above The institution is in an excellent condition.

The U. S. Mail Steamer Baltic, sails at noon to-day, for Liverpool. She takes out a large number of passengers, the mails for Europe and shout \$600,000 in specie. Among her passengers are the Bateman children.

THE HAGUE-STREET EXPLOSION .- A VETdict was rendered in the Superior Court yesterday, in the case of St. John and others, against the American Mutual Fire Insurance Company, for the loss occasioned by the explosion in Hague-st. The defence set up was, that it was caused by a want of proper caution; but the jury rendered a verdiet against the Company for the full amount claimed,

WIDENING OF BEEKMAN-ST .- The petition states that the street will now be required almost solely for business purposes . it is but 35 feet wide. and it is desirable to have it widened about 10 feet more. The Board of Aldermen adopted a report in favor of widening, doing so on the north side from Park-row to Cliff-st., and on the south side from Cliff-st. to near Pearl-st. The question has been for about a year and a half presented. The majority of the Committee in the Board of Assistants reported in favor of concurrence. Assistant Ald. Ely pre sented a minority report. He thought that the street should be ultimately widened, but that the Commitsee have not had time maturely to weigh the subject, nor does the matter call for immediate action. and that more time, in justice to those having to bear the expense, should be allowed; also, that he is not satisfied the plan for widening is the best that could he devised , and that the petition did not call for the widening between Cliff and Pearl sts. The majority report, however, was adopted, all the members present, except Assistant Ald. Ely, voting in its favor Mr. E. in the negative.

THE ILLUSTRATED NEW-YORK NEWS .-A new weekly has just been issued in this City with the above title, on the plan of the Illustrated News of London, a print which has obtained a world-wide selebrity. The editorial department of the paper is sonducted with marked ability, and exhibits great spurt and vivacity. It comments on the prominent topics of the day in a style which is at once spicy and good humored, without mistaking ribaldry for wit. As to the engravings, they embrace a wide range of subjects, from the comic to the descriptive, and if, as must be confessed, they are capable of improvement, we ought not to expect the highest style of art for five cents a week. The paper is published by T. W. Strong, 98 Nassau-st.

THE NEW COSTUME. - A lady made her appearance in Broadway on Thursday, dressed in the new costume. She was young, and of course attracted much attention. If the fashion continues spread, and to be admired as it is at present, wherever seen, such appearances will soon become loo common to excite particular notice.

BELMONT HALL, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN STRINGS, N. J .- By referring to our advertising columns, we perceive this highly popular establishment is now open for the reception of visitors.

IRON FURNITURE. - Most persons consider coarseness or clumsiness to be inseparably connected with every article manufactured from Iron , but such as visit the store of the Patent Merchandize Company, 240 Broadway, find that this most useful of metals can be made as ornamental as serviceable .-In the Bedsteads, Hat Stands, Tables, &c., there exhibited, nothing but Oak, Roseweod, China, Bronze, Pearl and Gold meet the eye-thus presenting strength and solidity, clothed with beauty and taste and utility, combined with economy. The attempt of this Company to bring Iron Furniture into use has been completely successful, though not altogether an experiment on their part, as it has long been in fashionable use in Europe, and an Iron Bed stead is now on exhibition at the World's Fair, the price of which is \$500. 'The Child's Bedstead, just received at the Company's store, is the " cunningest

WITNESSES IN THE CITY PRISON .- The into Court vesterday morning, and made complaint that the persons confined at the City Prison, to secure their attendance as witnesses, were not lodged and fed as became their peculiar position There was no convenience provided at the City Prison other than that provided for the detention of criminals. This operated as a great hardship in the cases of witnesses who were innocent of any crime, but who were unfortunately unable to give bail for their attendance at Court. At the suggestion of the District-Attorney, the Court said the matter should meet with immediate attention, and some provision should be made either at the Sheriff's jail in El-dridge-st or otherwise, so that the cause of complaint

OFFICERS OF THE NEW-YORK STATE GRAND LODGE .- At the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State o New-York, held at Freemasons' Hall, on Thursday evening, the 5th inst., the following Grand Officers

were elected : The M. W. Isaac Phillips, of New-York, Grand Master The Rt. W. Joseph Cuyler, of Johnstown, Deputy Grand Raster. Master
The Rt. W. James Jenkinson, of Albany, Senior Grand
Warden Warden.
The Rt. W. Oliver C. Denslow, of Yorkers, Jamor Grand Warden.
The Rt. W. James Herring, of New-York, Grand Sec'y.
The Rt. W. John Horspeed, of New-York, Gd. Treasurer.
The Rt. W. and Rev. Evan M. Johnson, John Conin., and Edward Cook, Grand Chaplains.
The W. Win. Boardman, Grand Pulsurvant.
The W. Greenfield Pote, Grand Tiler.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

BARNUM'S GREAT EXHIBITION, opposite Astor Place, will positively leave the City after to-day. The last performance will be given this evening. During its stay in New-York it has attracted larger audiences than have ever previously been drawn out to any Menagerie whatever, and the variety of attractions presented is so great that onmust be difficult, indeed, to please, who cannot find something to interest him, either in the display of wild beasts and curiosities or in the highly pleasing performances which are presented. The establishment will be in Stamford, Ct., on Monday. As this is the closing day, we would advise visitors to select the morning or afternoon exhibitions, and thus avoid the excessive crowd which will be present at

In justice to the Hat Finishers' Union we cheerfully give place to the following resolutions At a meeting of the stockholders of the HAT FIX-ISHERS' UNION, held Wednesday evening, June 4, the following resolutions were offered and unanimously approved and ordered to be printed.

Inasmuch as certain parties in this City, actuated by envious feelings at the success of our enterprise, and relinquishing all claims to modesty or business courtesy, have filehed the title of Umon, by which we are known and designated, and have appropriated it to themselves, evidently with a design of deceiving those of the community in pursuit of us, therefore Resolved, That we deem it an act of justice to ourselves and to the community, to expose the duplicity of such parties and place them in their own proper character before the public.

Resolved, That we will but perform our duty by laying before the public the fact that we, the The Harfinshers' Union, No. 11 Park-Row, are the only association of practical Journeymen Hatters in the City of New-York, and all other Unions or Companies so called, are but individual enterprises, in which the journeymen have no participation in the results of the business.

Resolved, That we will appeal to the community to courtesy, have filched the title of Union, by which we

Resolved, That we will appeal to the community to withhold their patronage from those who may hang out false beacons—and to sustain the laudable and humane efforts of the mechanic in the maintainance of his just and natural rights.

GEORGE RICHARDS, President.

GEORGE W. WEED, Sec'ry.

REAL ESTATE.—The following sales of Real Estate in Dunkirk, was made on Wednesday,

do on West Front at for Devan at, 202310, do near Englast, 302310, do near Englast, 302310, do near Englast, 302310, do near Englast, 302310, do near alove, 302100 do on Enast dest, near Leopard-at, 302100 do on Enast dest, near Enat Matt, 202100, 2110 each do on rear on Leopard-at, 302100, do on Elk-at, near Enat Matt, 202100, \$110 each do on rear on For at, each 202100, \$110 each do on rear on For at, each 202100, \$110 each do on the standard at and Lark-at, 402100, do on West 3d-at, near Enat at at, 402100, do on West 3d-at, near Lark-at, 402100, \$202 each

o on West 33-st, near Lark-st, 207195
o corner West 3th and Eagle sts. each 302190,
\$220 each.
O adjouring, each 302100, \$200 each
o opposite, each 302100, \$200 each
o opposite, each 302100, \$200 each
o opposite, each 302100, \$200 each
o on pear on Canary st, each 30260, \$115 each
o on Eave on Canary st, each 302100, \$115 each
o on Eave on Canary st, each 302100, \$120 each
o or Eaver and East whist, each 302100, \$120 each
o or or Lynn and East whist, each 302100, \$120 each
o on rear on Canary st, each 302100, \$120 each
o on rear on Beffalo-st, each 302100, \$120 each
o on rear on Beffalo-st, each 302100, \$120 each
o on ordinary each 302100, \$115 each
o on the state of the s

100, 200 each on display and 25100, 275 each of rear on Light st. each 25100, 355 each of rear on Finter st. do 200 each of adjoining, do 250 each of company of the compan

4 do adjoining, each 25x100, \$103 each RESCUED FROM DESTRUCTION .- A gentle-

man from a neighboring city vesterday called on Capt. Carpenter, of the Fifth Ward Police, and requested his assistance to and in the discovery of his daughter, who had left his home, and, as he feared was in a den of prostitution. Officer Bigby was dispatched with the father in pursuit of his daughter, and after considerable time spent in search, they found her at a den of prostitution in Church-st. kept by a woman named Anderson. The girl, as well as another, the daughter of a neighbor of the gentleman, was rescued from destruction and taken to their former residences. ARREST FOR GRAND LARCENY .- John

ARREST FOR GRAND LARCENY.—Golin Kenner and his wife Mary were vesterday arrested by officer Birdsail of the 18th Ward, charged with stealing Jewelry to the value of \$48, the property of Harmon F. Ahrens, residing at No. 330 Third-av. The woman was employed in the capacity as servant in the family of Mr. Ahrens and as is supposed, was instigated by her husband to steal the property, part of which they had pawned and the remainder had disposed of by other means. It was all recovered and the accused were committed to prison by Justice McGrath for trial. DEATH BY DROWNING .- The body of an

unknown woman, about 30 years of age, was yested ay found on the dock of pier No. 5 N R. The docksed was dressed in a light calco frock. The Corner held an impost and a verded of death drowning was rendered. DIED SUDDENLY .- John Shields, residing

at the corner of Twenty-fifth-st. and Eighth-av. died suddenly at his residence early yesterday morning. The deceased was a man of intemperate habits, and for several days previous to his decease had been in-dulging very freely. The Coroner was notified. FOUND DROWNED .- The body of an un-

known man about 15 years of age, was found yester day in the dock at the foot of Cedar-st., immediately after the Propeller Fanny Gardner left the dock. The Coroner was notified, and will hold an inquest the morning.

FIRE.-About 11 o'clock on Wednesday night a fire broke out in a stable in Eighth-st, be tween Sixth and Seventh avs., which was entirel destroyed. Through the energetic efforts of the fire men the flames were prevented from spreading.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT .- James Fox, a laborer, while engaged at work on a new building at No. 158 West Sixteenth-st., fell through the beamof the second story to the basement, and was taken to his residence with several of his ribs broken.

CRUELTY TO A HORSE. - A fellow named John McCarty was arrested yesterday, on a charge of maliciously maining a horse by cutting out his tongue. He was held by Justice McGrath for exam-

THEFT OF A WATCH AND CHAIN.—A woman named Kate Kearney was yesterday arrested on a charge of stealing a gold watch and chain, valued at \$75, from a young man with whom she was in company in the street. She was held for examina-

ARREST ON A BENCH WARRANT .- One Philip Kenny was yesterday arrested on a warrant issued by the Court of Sessions, charging him with issuing lottery policies. He was committed for trial.

BROOKLYN ITEMS.

THE NEW BOARD OF HEALTH, as organized at the last meeting of the Common Council, now convene daily in the City Hall to receive reports and complaints on various nursances. Yesterday a rese lution was adopted, directing the Health Warden to post notices on all the wharves and piers of the city, notifying ship owners, &c., &c., to call at the Health office and report before unloading their cargoes.

DEATH OF A MEMBER OF THE BAR.-In the Circuit Court yesterday Wm. C. Prince, Esq., announced the death of Daniel Egan, Esq., a member of the Bar of King's County, whereupon the Court adjourned, as a mark of respect for the memory of

THE THIRTEENTH REGIMENT-ELECTION. A special meeting was held at the City Armory ves terday for the election of Major of the 13th Regimer N. Y. S. Militia. Brig. Gen. Duryea presided and Lieut. Hogan acted as Secretary. There were three Thomas [P. Teale, Charles Morrison, and J. H. Gaus. Of the 45 votes in the regiment 30 were polled, of which Teale received 14, Morrison 10, and Gaus 6-so the former was declared elected.

CORONER'S INQUEST-An inquest was held upon the body of Margaret Farren, residing at 109 Water-st, on Thursday. Deceased was 74 years of age and a native of Ireland. Verdict, died of Gastritis.

SECOND UNITARIAN SOCIETY, BROOKLYN -See advertisement in another column. Rev Thomas Starr King, of Boston, preaches to-morrow morning and afternoon, at the French scademy Sents free, and no collections.

EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOL No. 7 .-The annual examination of this School took place vesterday in the School Room in York-st. in the presence of several members of the Board of Educa tion and a numerous auditory. The primary de partment first underwent examination, and gave much satisfaction. The adult classes afterwards brought forward under the superintendence of Rev. David Syme, A. M. were closely questioned in Grammar, History and Arithmetic, and evimed a high degree of proficiency in all those branches of education. Several lads also distinguished themselves in the delivery of declamatory pieces. The female department, under the able superintendence of Miss Pheips, were examined in the usual branches, and gave evidence of the high degree of culture they have received. Their understating replies to the questions put clicited much commendation from all present. Two young ladies gave a very truthful reading of a scene in Hamlet, but where all are proficient it is needless to particularize. Several pieces were sing, by the children during the intervals of the examination; and finally the semi-annual certificates were addressed in a highly complimentary strain by Rev. D. P. Novse and Judge Greenwood. We examined some pencil drawings, and essays in literary composition, which were highly creditable. The number of scholars on the Register is 1,232, average daily attendance 800; number of teachers 17. brought forward under the superintendence of Rev.

WILLIAMSBURGH ITEMS.

SUNDAY SCHOOL VISIT .- There was quite a brilliant display on Thursday of Sabbath School scholars, mostly German children, attached to the Catholic church in New-York, who came over on a pic nic excursion to the pleasant fields back of the we had liked to have said village-back of the city. The procession was about a quarter of a mile long, preceded by a band of music.

FIRE.-The alarm on Wednesday evening proceeded from a small shed in Fifth st, near Grand. But trifling damage done.

By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune. Southern Magnetic Telegraph Office, corner of Hanover and

For further Telegraphic Dispatches see VIth Page.

New-Hampshire Legislature. Concoad, N. H., Friday, June 6-51 P. The House and Senate adjourned till Monday afternoon, the whole session being occupied in debating the propriety of choosing and paying a Chap-

The Democrats lack one of a working majority in the House. On questions of party policy this fact tends to curb the joy that otherwise would have been consequent on the Democratic success in the

The Special Senatorial Election.

The official returns from Steuben are: Guinnip, 2022, Gifbert, 2934. Majority for Guinnip, 98. Chemung official: Guinnip, 1448. Gilbert 1546. Majority for Gilbert, 98. There has consequently been no

Another Fire in Bancor.

Bangon, Friday, June 6. Four stores in Exchange-st. were burned last night. The goods were mostly saved and the loss was covered by insurance. Two restaurants in the basements were burnt out, on which there was no insurance.

Shadrach Rescue Case. Boston, Friday, June 6.

The Jury in the Shadrach rescue case came in this morning still unable to agree upon a verdict, and were discharged. They were unanimous upon the law, but disagreed upon the evidence

The trial of another of the rescuers is assigned for Monday.

Washington News.

Washington N. Finday, June 5.

The holders of Government Five per Cent. Stock, issued under the Act of August 10, 1816, are notified that the said Stock principal and interest, will be redeemed on the 9th of August next, at the Treasury. Interest on the said Stock to cease and determine after that date. determine after that date,
The receipts from Customs from July 1850 to May
1851, inclusive, were \$\frac{44}{2},349,06300\$—being an increase
over the corresponding months of last year of \$7,730,

Washington, Friday, June 6.
The appointment of Mr. Langdon as Assistant Examiner in the Patent office, I learn was made solely on account of his eminent ability, and without any political influences being exerted in his

behalf.

A Board of Architects are engaged in the examina-tion of the new Patent Office building, with reference to some alterations from the original design, approv-ed by Secretary Ewing, to add to its utility and strength. The cast wing is nearly completed, and the workmanship is highly creditable to the contrac-tors. The building, with both wings finished, will excel all public edinces here.

The Rescue Case-Hayden's Trial.

Bostos, Friday, June 6.
Lewis Hayden, a colored man, was put on is trial this morning, on the charge of rescuing the active slave Shadrach. brors were obtained before the list was

tive Slave Law.

When the name of one of the Jurors, John Stone, was called, it was announced to the Court that he fell dead at his work bench yesterday afternoon. The Court adjourned till Monday, to allow time to summon more jurymen.

The Rescue Trials-No Verdict.

The jury in the case of Scott came in at The jury in the case of Scott came in at half past 9, and stated that they still could not agree, when the Court ordered them to be discharged, and another jury empanelled at once to try the case of the negro Hayden, who is also an alleged rescuer.

Destructive Fire in East Cambridge.

East Cambridge, Friday, June 6. A fire occurred last evening in a block of dwelling houses in this place, owned by the New England Glass Company, four of which were en-* At least a dozen families are rendered houseless by

The Trials for Arson at Utica.

Rose, N. Y. Friday, June 6.

James J. Orcutt is now on trial here for setting fire to the barn of J. Butterfield, in Utica, in April last. Several persons were asleep in the building at the time. The evidence against him is strong, and there are 5 other similar indictments against him. John O'Neil, of one of the first families in Utica, has been indicted for Arson in the first degree, and has absonded. H. B. Conklin's trial for Arson in the first degree will follow Orcutt's.

Shuttle Mill destroyed by Fire.

WORCESTER, Mass., Friday, Jone 6. The Shuttle mill at Wilkinsville, Mass., was destroyed by fire, on Wednesday night, with its contents. Loss, \$15,000.

The State Debt of New-Hampshire.

Governor Dinsmoor, in his message, says the State Debt at the commencement of the fiscal year was \$20,907. At the close of the year it will not be far from \$76,000, an increase within the year of about \$55,000.

Another Conflagration in Bangor.

BANGOR, Me., Friday, June 6.
The Hammett block of four wooden stores on Exchange-st, was consumed by fire last evening. The contents were mostly removed, and the occupants, Messrs, Daniel Webster, M. S. Jackson and G.

W. Thompson, were fully insured.

Elder's victualing cellar, and Carson & Clarke's restaurant, were likewise consumed. No insurance.

Connecticut Legislature.

The Senate have by a majority of three concurred with the House in electing Abijan Cartan, Whig, Commissioner of the School Fund.

From New-Orleans.

New ORLEANS, Thursday, June 5.

Our city is being rapidly depopulated, hundreds are leaving for the North-business is consequently dull. The New-Orleans and Oppolosa Railroad Convention is now in session, but nothing of importance has as yet been done.

The New Constitution of Maryland, &c.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Jun Worcester County gives 285 majority in favor of the Constitution. Somerset 55 against it, and Kent 64 against.

The Southern mail has arrived, but brings no news of importance. The Florida papers represent the state of the Cotton crops as unfavorable.

United States 5 per cent.

WASHINGTON, Friday, June 6.

Secretary Corwin gives notice that the principal and interest on U. S. five per cent. stock, issued under the act of Congress 1846, will be paid on and after the 9th of August next. Those desiring it will be paid before that period, by presenting and de-livering their certificates.

All interest will cease after that date.

State of the Western Waters.

CINCINSATI, Friday, June 6.
The accounts reaching here of the state The accounts reaching here of the state of the Western Rivers are very gloomy. The Wisconsin River is very high, and a large portion of Fort Winnebago is inundated. This rise has not reached the Mississippi. Several flouring mills at Peru have been carried away. Advices from St. Paul report all the river still rising. The Burlington (lowa) Gazette of the 20th May, says that the tributaries of the Mississippi, in that State, are so swollen that they are doing much injury, and the Mississippi itself is within 18 inches of the flood of 1844, and is still rising. At Hanmbal, on the 29th ult., the river was still within 18 niches of the flood of 1844, and 18 still rising. At Hannibal, on the 29th ult, the river was still rising, and was, on an average, six miles wider for a distance of seven miles above and fifty miles below that point. The damage throughout is very extension.

Markets ... ALBANY, Jone & The receipts since our last are as follows: FLOUR 6.500 bbls, WHEAT, Bone, CORN, 17,000 bus. The transactions in FLOUR are smaller than yesterday, reaching only 1.000 bbls, at previous rates.—Prime Wheat has been in pretty fair request, but Prime Wheat has been dull with a declining tendency common has been dull with a declining tendency sales 2,500 bushels at 65½ for Chicago. Cox is steady at yesterday's rates, sales of 15,000 bushels at 56c for Round Yellow, and 54c for mixed Western. 2,000 bus. Rye were sold at 72jc. Whishy is at 22j for Prison and Ohio, with sales of 200 bbls. Markets.....NEW-ORLEANS, June 5. There is not much doing in Cotton, op-

racere is not much doing in Cotton, operators awaiting the advices per Asia. Prove is dull at 3 50, and large lots are offering at less, without buyers. Mess Poak is at 14 50@14 82t. Bacon Sides are at \$1@81c, and Sacutoras \$1@61c. Sugar is improving, fair sells at 54c. Rio Coffee is at 91@91c. Markets BALTIMORE, June 6.[] Sales have been made to-day of 300 bbls Howard-st. FLOUR at 4 26.

Markets BUFFALO, June 6. The receipts of the past 24 hours have been-Flour, 5,000 bils, Wheat, 15,000 bushels. Cons, 28,000 bushels. The market for Flour has been rather heavy, but prices are unchanged, sales 1,000 bbis. There has been a moderate inquiry for Wheat, with a steady market, 2,500 bushels sold at 78c for Ohio. Cons is in good request at better constants and the constants of the constants. 78c for Ohio. Come is in good request at bette prices: sales 15,000 bushels at 44,2045c. Plot FREIGHTS are now quoted at 13c, and Corn at Sic.

Markets ROCHESTER, June 6. On Thursday, in our market, 500 bush, of Genessee Valley Wigar sold at \$1, and 900 bush, at 98c. The lots sold to-day were not prime, and the sales were light. Prime Yellow Conv brings 50c.

Markets ... Baltimore, June 9. Our markets remain much the same as

WASHINGTON.

Mr. Corwin and the Florida Claims. Correspondence of The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1851

The system of calumny and falsehood with which the members of Gen. Taylor's Administration were visited, because of their refusal to yield to the extortions of mendacious presses, has been revived toward the present Cabinet, under instigations that are equally venal, and with motives as entirely abandoned. The same hands the same wretched ananounced. The same hands, the same wretched misrepresentation, the same phrases of abuse, and the same actors are visible, and the same scenes are reproduced, with only the simple change of names in the most conspicuous characters. It is much to the discredit of a portion of the press of this country, that the policy of an Administration in power cannot be discussed without outraging the amenities of political life, and that the acts of public men cannot be canvassed without an impeacement of personal integrity. But there is some satisfaction in knowing that this scandalous system—which is now almost

canvassed without an impeacement of personal integrity. But there is some satisfaction in knowing that this scandalous system—which is now almost reduced to a trade—is mainly confined to adventurers, who come here to seek fortune, and who are reckless in regard to the means of acquiring it, being more willing, from bad proclivities, to carn money by assailing character than by more honorable methods. The morbid passion for whatever tends to depreciate men occupying high position, or to errote envy, furnishes too much encouragement for these trained assassins, who spare neither age, nor sex, nor condition, in the pursuit of their accursed vocation.

Within the last few months there has been a systematic attempt made by certain prints to create false and injurious impressions on the public mind concerning the present able and distinguished Secretary of the Treasury, growing out of concerns purely professional and private, which have been seized upon and distorted to suit the purposes of his hired slanderers. Having taken the pains to inform myself fully and particularly on this subject, I propose to present the facts to the public in such a form that they may be easily understood, and to challenge so presented. As it is aimost impossible to furnish an answer to the various allegations which have been made, I shall adopt the statements made by a correspondent in the New-York Journal of Commerce and Baltimore San, being one and the same person as the most responsible of those which have appeared

gave notice to certain intimate friends of inst. through
his kinsman, Robert Corwin, that his pecuniary condition would prevent his acceptance of the office,
unless his contingent interests in the Mexican claims
should first be disposed of.

John Young of the city of New-York, and another
rentleman of that city, undertook, at the request of
Mr. Robert Corwin, to raise money on these claims.
Robert Corwin made an estimate of the value of the
claims estimating them at unward of \$400,000, and

Robert Corwin made an estimate of the value of the claims, estimating them at upward of \$100,000, and affixing to the land serio its par value.

George Law of New-York, a gentleman well known for his enterprise and success, particularly in steam, purchased the contingent interest, on the representations of the persons above named, for, as he says, the sum of \$100,000; while Mr. Young, it is understood, asserts that Mr. Corwin never received that \$70,000. What became of the \$20,000 difference has never yet been revealed.

By the award of the Board of Commissioners, Mr. Corwin's contingent fees amounted to less than

By the award of the Board of Commissioners, Mr. Corwin's contingent fees amounted to less than \$40,000. So, Mr. George Law is out of pocket \$60,000 by the transaction. Some of Mr. Corwin's triends contend that he (Mr. Corwin) will refund to Mr. Law the difference between the sum originally paid and the sum received under the award—Mr. Corwin not being so hostile to "paying back" as Fulstaff was under circumstances somewhat similar. If Mr. Secretary Corwin should pay back, it will be

Ist. I answer it is not true that Mr. Corwin was, many sense or form, or by any expression, direct or indirect, a "cambidate for the portfolio of the Treasury, nor did he ever give notice through any person that "his pecuniary condition would prevent his acceptance of the office" indiess his interest in the Mexican Claims were disposed of.

3. The estimated value of Mr. Corwin's interests for he was part owner in one of the largest claims; and fees as attorney, was about \$100,000. Mr. George I aw became the absolute purchaser under the advice and arbitration of two of his most intimate friends—Mr. John Young and Mr. James S. Thayer, of New-York—and paid \$51,000 (not \$70,000, as alleged) for the right, title, and contingent prospects.

3d. The awards on Mr. Corwin's interests by the Mexican Board cover the whole amount which he received, and it is not true that Mr. Law is out of pocket either \$60,000, as stated, or any thousand or thousands, and consequently there is no sum to be spaid back." Nor has any such ultimation ever been expressed by those who are alone interested.

4th. The foregoing statement disproves the charges contained in the fourth specification, and further answer is necessary.

contained in the fourth specimeaton, and the sawer is necessary.

It is unimportant whether Mr. Webster knew or did not know that Mr. Corwin intended disposing of these interests before entering the Cabinet, but as the statement is not made upon the authority of Mr. Webster himself, but on that of persons who are called his "intimate friends," a contradiction is hard be recovered.

Having thus met the allegations as they appear, it

called his "intimate friends," a contradiction is hard by required.

Having thus met the allegations as they appear, it is now proper that a full and frank exposition of the matter should be made, since Mr. Corwin's private affairs have so wantonly and shamefully been dragged before the public, and the more especially as both he and his friends now court an unimited investigation. Let me sum up the facts plainly, as they have been derived from unquestionable sources.

When Mr. Corwin was invited to accept the Treasury Department, he was employed as counsel in several of the most important cases pending before the Commissioners to adjudicate the claims of American citizens against Mexico. Mr. Webster, Mr. Edward Curls and Mr. Waddy Thompson were associated with him in various cases. It is well known to the country that Mr. Corwin was exceedingly reluctant to take office, and that aithough constantly and daily urged from high quarters, it was not until a few hours before the nominations were transmitted to the Senate that he yielded to the importantities of hisfriends. There were various considerations which operated upon his mind in thus declining position, and one among them was his interest in these Mexican claims, which, from his limited circumstances, became a matter of serious importance. Seeing, therefore, that further attention to these interests would be inconsistent with a faithful discharge of the duties of the Treasury Department, and deeming such relations to be also indecidate, he accepted with reservation, and immediately determined to purge himself of all relations to these ciaims.

At this time the Commissioners had adjourned to meet again on the 14th of the following November. Mr. Robert G. Corwin, the established law partner of the Secretary of the Treasury, (unit as such interest ed. of course, in the Mexican claims,) was fully empowered to dispose of all the rights, present and prospective, of Mr. Thomas Corwin, under the strict injunction, however, that an absolute sale and transfer should b

who were selected for that purpose. The whole negotiation and sale were conducted by Mr. Robert E. Corwin, and the purchase money was received by him before the adjourned meeting of the Commissioners. If the arrangement had not been so consummated, the present Secretary of the Trassury would not now be a member of the Cabinet, having, as is well understood, reserved the privilege of retiring under such a condition of things as he might deem urgent, or likely to render his public conduct, in any way, subject to misconstruction. These are the facts of this case, and cannot be disputed in any responsible quarter.

responsible quarter.

Now, as to another point, which has been drawn into public discussion. Some time prior to the formation of Mr. Fillmore's Cabinet, Mr. Corwin had

given a professional opinion on a legal proposition arising under the treaty with Spain by which Florida was acquired, upon which it was supposed the payment of certain claims for spoliations provided in that treaty might depend. His counsel fee was \$2,000, to be paid in the event of the claims being admitted. Before entering upon the duties of Secretary of the Treasury, he made application to his clients to be relieved from all obligations as their altoracy, and he released them from all obligations to him for any fee in the case. Mr. Corwin at the same time took occasion to inform his clients that he could hold no connection with these claims during his tenure of office, and hence his refusal to entertain their consideration since they have been presented to the Treasury Depurtment.

It will be seen from this exposition that Mr. Corwin acted throughout not only with a degree of delicacy, which may well be regarded as fastishous, but under a sense of honor which entitles him to the highest regard in the country, and which connot be too warmly applauded. If he had entered the Cabinet without divesting himself of these connections, his present unscruppilous assailant would have been the very first to accuse him of exerting official influence to subserve personal interest. Their only resert now is calumny, and that they have employed with as reckless a disregard of the appearance of truth or plausibility as they have exhibited toward decency and the commences proprieties of life. But if all that is alleged had been true, what does it amount to but this; that Mr. Cerwin sold his rights and property to is alleged had been true, what does it amount to but this; that Mr. Cerywin sold his rights and property to a purchaser for a valuation fixed by the chosen friends of that purchaser! Let me say there are few men in public life, or in private life, who would have adopted a similar course—few who would have made the voluntary significe, that was then believed by Mr. Corwin's friends to be involved in the sale to Mr. Law. His worst political enemies, in all the ferre conflicts of party in Oho, never yet had the

by Mr. Corwin's friends to be involved in the sale to Mr. Law. His worst political enemies, in all the fierce conflicts of party in Ohio, never yet had the hardibood to assail his integrity.

While they resorted to every political expedient, they all conceded, what a pure and exemplary career had long and practically illustrated Bhat his honor was pure and above the reach of suspicion. He is assailed now because he has guarded the Treasury with fidelity, and closed its doors against the selfish trafficers, some of them professing to be friends of the Administration—whose only object is to speculate upon, politics and principles being the wares which they rend at the shambles of party. They are known and are marked. The day may not be distant when a fuller exposure may be necessary and if it should come, the public will be enlightened as to some historical features connected with these Mexican claims, which have never yet seen the light as to some historical features connected with these Mexican claims, which have never yet seen the light of day. Certain it is, that there are many attorneys who have received much larger fees than the sum paid to Mr. Corwin by the purchaser of his interest, and for a far less amount of service than he had readered to his elients before the sale of his interest. There remains much more to be said on this subject, on the incidental considerations belonging to it, and concerning the persons who, while stabbing in the dark, suppose themselves to be safe from detection. Let them beware in time, and learn to seek security for the future by repontance for the past.

From the New-Orlean Picayane, Mar 23.

Our files of papers from the city of Mexico, by the Alabama, reach to the 19th inst., and we find in them a good deal of news.

The Eco del Commercio of Vera Cruz says that th Alabama was detained in port some time, on account of the desire of the Captain to avoid paying tennage duties. For her three previous coyages the Alabama, in consequence of an arrangement with Commercial Commercia

tion. To this the Ece replies that the English steamers carry only the mails and passengers, whereas the Alabama had freight to addition.

We mentioned, list evening the rumors of a revolution which are rife in Mexico. The Government seems to be at its wit's ends, and Congress is no better off.

After spending many months in a vain endeavor to devise ways and means for replenishing their exhausted exchequer, they now find themselves in a worse condition than at first. The only practicable measure, that of removing the "prohibitions," or worse condition than at first. The only practicable measure, that of removing the "prohibitions," or restrictions which now paralyze the industry and commerce of the country, has been set aside. For some time the Chambers have been engaged in discussing the expediency of granting the President extraordinary powers, so that he may be able to raise funds in his own way, without any necessity for recourse to Congress. This measure at last passed the Senate, and was, at the last accounts still under discussion in the Chamber of Deputies. A committee of that body had reported in favor of it, and there is

published last evening was correct.

The Universal, a paper published in the capital, which has all along vigorously opposed the treaty, epideavors to throw upon Senor Laciniza all the olium of the negotiation. To this accusation the ex-Minister replied that he fully accepted the responsibility, if responsibility there be, of everything that was done relative to this affair, while he was in office. The Treit of Fuior says that this is a noble answer, and hat Senor Laciniza will be reafter remember it with that Senor Laciniza will be reafter remember it with The Treat of Union says that this is a noble answer, and that Senor Lacunza will hereafter remember it with pride, that if by any said chance the Tehuantepec treaty should not be ratified, and the concession to Garay not be recognized, a time will come, and that before very long, when his acts during his term of office will be his best title to the esteem of the reasonable people of the country.

The American schooner John Smart was lost on the 28th uit, while endeavoring to enter the port of Tampico.

the 28th uit, while endeavoring to enter the porco-Tampico.

The Chamber of Deputies has annulled the con-tract in regard to the tobacco excise, on the ground that the Government had no right to enter into it. The Senate has yet to approve the act. It is reported that the great commercial house of Rondero, in the city of Mexico, has failed. Ignacio Pavon has been appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court, in place of Senor Dominguez.

The Trait d Union says that Madame Bishop is shout to return to Mexico, where she before obtained such a brilliant triumph.

Such a brilliant triumph.

The amnesty granted to the revolted Indians in the State of Puebla has been attended with the happiest consequences. The Indians are coming in and surrendering themselves every day.

The railroad from Vera Cruz to San Juan is about

to be abandoned.

The Monitor also contains a paragraph mentioning that two hundred." American pirates, had a report that two hundred "American prates" had invaded Lower california, with the intention of taking pos ession of the ports of that territory. The pirates" were pursued by two American vessels, which endeavored to prevent them from carrying their design into effect. We think that this story is extremely approximated.

their design into elect. We time that this issory to extremely apocryphal.

A short time ago, a Señor Suarez Navarro returned to the city of Mexico from a visit to Carthagena, at which place he reported Santa Anna to be busily engaged in cock-fighting, and other such elegant amusements. Soon after his arrival Señor Navarro was arrest and and imprisoned, probably for having been on too intimate terms with the exiled General and his Sobtimehols.

sposed to establish a new department of the

R is proposed to establish a new department of the Mexican Government, under the superintendence of a Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.

The Monitor Republicano asserts that the war in Yucatan is drawing to a close. The Indians every day diminish their efforts, and their courage evidently commences to decline. The only thing worthy of note is the bloody defeat of the savages at Bacalar. They endeavored to take the plaza. The garrison received them with such a fire that they were utterly routed, and the river was choked up with their dead bodies. The loss of the whites was insignificant.

PROFESSOR ALEX. C. BARBY'S TRICO-PHEROUS OR MEDICATED COMPOUND.

PHEROUS OR MEDICATED COMPOUND.

COPY OF A LETTER FROM MISS NELSON.

Mr. BARRY—Sir: You have the permission to use my name as having experienced the great utility of your Theopherous for dressing the hair. I have found the use of oils and pomatums to occasion a harshness to my hair, and for three or four years it was fast failing off, and much changed in color, but since using your Tricopherous, I feel my head always comfortable, and my hair is grown strong and thick, to the smarzement of all my friends and acquantances. I have invariably found it to give the most general satisfaction. Please send three bottles by bearer, who will pay you. Catharine Nelson.

beafer, who will pay you. CATHARINE NELSON.

COPT OF A LETTER FROM DR. LEE.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 5, 1849.

Mr. Barry—I have no heastation in recommending an article which I can, of my own personal knowledge, endorse as good, and I therefore state with confidence, that your Tricopherous is what you claim it to be—an article for cleaning, preserving, beautifying and promoting the growth of the hair.

I find it to be the best remedy I have ever had in my practise for scald head, ringworm, and diseases which the skin is subject to.

T. A. Lee, M. D.

which the skin is subject to. T. A. LEE, M. D.

FROM THE EDITOR OF THE SCIENTIFICANTERICAN.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 24, 1849.

BARRY'S TRICOTHEROUS IS an article that we take, pleasure in awarding the highest commendations.

We do not do it upon the recommendations of others, but from our own personal knowledge of its 'effects upon the hair, while it tends to keep it heal',ny, soft and glossy, it also removes dandruff, prevents grey hair, and invigorates its growth in a manner unequalled by any other composition kno, wn to us. A person only needs to use one bottle 'to be convinced of this truth.

Sold in large bottles, price 25 cents, at the principal office, 127 Broadway, New-York, and by the principal merchants and druggies throughout the United States and Canadas, Sexico, West Indies, Great Britain, France, &c.

LAW COURTS.

Court Calendar-This Day.

CORRON FLEAS.—Nos. 531, 424, 534, 535, 536, 537, 539, 541, 542.

C.RCUIT COURT.—No change.
SEPERIOR COURT.—Monday.—Nos. 31, 388, 396, 201, 7, 3, 388, 400, 401, 409, 216, 217, 240, 283, 347, 235, 236, 150, 332, 280, 110, 42, 16, 38, 913, 301, 382, 252, 223, 22, 387, 294, 368, 32, 357.

U. S. District Court. Papay, June 4.
Before Judge Betts.
The Grand Jury came into Court with two bills of indictment against John Parker, for assault with a dangerous weapon, on board a packet passenger vessel from Liverpool, and one against Parker and others, for an attempt at revolt

Superior Court ... FRIDAY, June 6.

Samuel H. Moss against Abraham B. Peries.—To receiver damages, amount laid at \$3,000, for injury sustained in being run over by a horse and eart belonging to Mr. Perlee, Mr. Moss (who is a eart belonging to Mr. Perlee, Mr. Moss (who is a somewhat aged man) was crossing Walker-st at Mott, on 23d August last. He was knocked down (the horse running at the time,) one of his eyes so much injured as to cause to him the loss of its sight, and one of the wheels run over his stomach causing to him injury. It was said the man driving the horse was the worse for liquor at the time.

Mr. Perlee at the time kept a wood yard, and it was contended, in defense, that the man driving the cart was not in his employment, having hired the horse and cart of him for the purpose of carrying wood about for sale.

wood about for sale.

The questions for the Jury were whether the man driving was in the employ of Mr. P. or not—if he was, and there was no fault on the part of plamtiff, he was, and there was no latt of the part of pathin, the sentitled to damages. The Jury were out several hours without being able to agree—eleven were in favor of a verdict we understand of \$600 to \$1,200 for plaintiff, but the other, as he stated himself on the Jury being brought into Court, considering that plaintiff was as much to blame as the driver.

Daniel Cotheal agt. Seymour C. Trout-Daniel Cotheal agt. Seymour C. Troutman.—In Dec. 1848, Mr. C. entered into an agreement with Geo. W. Troutman (now of Graad-st., Williamsburgh.) and nimeteen others, that the twenty should form a company for the purpose of going out to the gold diagnings in California, each paying him \$160, and giving him each a bond for \$500 for faithful performance, and he to transport them, providing good passage and provisions, &c., to San Francisco, furnish them with all necessary materials for the work, and supply them with necessary provisions for twelve months, after they got to California; they, in equivalent, to give him one half of all the gold they procured.

In view of this agreement Mr. C. purchased the bark Rolla, at a cost of \$8,000—the cost to him of the outfit for necessary implements, portable house, &c.,

bark Rolla, at a cost of \$8,000—the cost to him of the outift for necessary implements, portable house, &c., between \$3,000 and \$4,000, and for provisions, &c.,

between \$3,000 and \$4,000, and for provisions, &c., for the year's supply after arrival there, \$2,000.

The present suit is on a note at 12 months, given to Mr. C. by Seymour C., (brother of Geo. W.,) for \$500.

The defense is that Seymour gave a bond for his-brother pursuant to the above arrangement, and the note in suit was subsequently given by him to Mr. Colleal in payment of the bond, Mr. C. having represented to him that the bond had been forfeited on the ground of Geo. W. not having performed the contract, but which he subsequently understood not to have been the case. It appeared that George W. and another went poncer, "cross lots," asit is called—that is, overland, with a view to make arrangements at the gold diagraps for the company. He arrived about a fortnight before the Rolla, in July, and proceeded to the interior, but could not find the company, subsequently, till after the clapse of some time, when it had broken up, the enterprize not having been successful, and their getting but little gold, it is contended that it so broke up at the suggestion of Mr. C's agent, in about two months, and that its It is contended that it so broke up at the suggestion of Mr. C.'s agent, in about two months, and that its soing so was for the benefit of Mr. C., as his continuing to formsh them must have been attended with loss. [Mr. C. has entered suits on some of the other bonds.] The question for the Jury was whether Mr. Geo W. had broken his agreement or not. The Jury thought he had not, and found for defendant.

Hefore Judge Mason.

Before Judge Mason.

Silas H. Jessup against John Calvin Smith—Dr. Greenley residing at the corner of Grand and Mulberry-sts, being out of health, sold his practice to Dr Brown, who gave him therefor the note of Mr. Smith for \$320, endorsed by himself. The present suit is on the note.

In defense, it is said that Dr. Greenley died before head leven enabled to go round with Dr. Brown.

in defense, it is said that Dr. Greenley died before he had been enabled to go round with Dr. Brown, and introduce latter to his patients, and that in consequence no consideration was received for the note—also that the gentleman acting for the estate of Dr. G., was notified of the facts, but he passed the note afterwards to Mr. Jessup, who is a broker—that it was so passed, not for a loan of money, or value, but to have it in the hands of a third party, to cut off a defense—and that Mr. Jessup merely gave his due bill for it, which was retained by the party—and that sufficient occurred by which Mr. J. should have instituted inquiry.

tuted inquiry.

The Court in its charge said, no matter what was The Court in its charge said, no matter what was the motive of the persons passing the note, provided Mr. Jessup became a bona fide business holder, without the circumstances or facts of the case having been communicated to him, he is entitled to recover. On the other hand, if the Jury think it was not a bona fide transaction, and no value received, the suit cannot be sustained. Verdict for defendant.

Court of General Sessions . FRIDAY, June 6.

Court of General Sessions. FRIDAY, June 6.

Before the Recorder and Aid. Haws and Miller.

Trial of Edwin Henry for Forgery, in
the third degree.—This trial, which was commonced
yesterday, was continued to-day, several new witnesses were examined on the part of the prosecution,
but no new facts in the case, were elicited. The defense was opened by James R. Whiting, Esq., and wit
nesses were introduced, two of whom swore that they
saw a note in the hands of Mr. Heary before it was
signed. The note, of which this indictment is based,
being shown to these witnesses, they swore that they
had no doubt this was the same note. The note being shown to these witnesses, they had no doubt this was the same note. The note which they saw was for a large amount, over \$1,000 Some witnesses were introduced to prove a good character for the defendant. The Court took a relation of the same of the sam Some witnesses were introduced to prove a good character for the defendant. The Court took a recess at half-past 2 o'clock, intending to complete the case this afternoon, but one of the jurors having beet taken sick, the summing up was deferred till Monday

Spiritual Rappings. From the Mayville (N. Y.) Sentinel.

The following is an extract from a letter The following is an extract from a fette written to a gentleman in Buffalo giving a partial a-count of the manifestations of spiritual rappings, re-cently held at Warren, Pennslyvania. It appears there is great excitement in that section, in relation cently held at Warren, Fennsyvania. It appears there is great excitement in that section, in relation to those spiritual demonstrations. Several extraordinary "mediums" have been made known to the public, and the demonstrations of the spirits through them are declared to be beyond belief. The spirit of one Freeman Dunn, a murderer, who was confined in Pittsburgh jail a few years since and who committed suicide in jail, has appeared at various times and communicated some remarkable facts at these sittings. Dunn, it seems, declares himself in hell, giving an account of his sufferings, &c., &c. At one, sitting there were present several of the prominent citizens of Warren, among them Dr. Irving. The spirit of Dunn moved tables, and stands, and with Dr. Irving on the table moved it about the room. The Doctor and, while sitting on the table, now if you move the table with me on it, you can throw me off the table. Scarcely had the Doctor got the words out, before he was thrown several yards from the table on to the floor. There are other demonstrations still more remarkable which we intend to obtain in a few days, from a reliable source, for the benefit of our readers:

WARREN, Pa., Saturday, May 24.
On arriving here last Wednesday, I found our folks

few days, from a reliable source, for the benefit of our readers:

Warren, Pa., Saturday, May 24.

On arriving here last Wednesday, I found our folks all in a state of excitement and confusion. It appears that J and S, are two strong mediums, and much was done, such as spelling out intelligent sentences, moving stands and tables, &c. I told the boys when I left home, they must not trifle with this matter, for I considered there was an unlimited power to be obtained through proper mediums, and therefore should be treated in a scrious manner. The more they practiced the more power they could obtain, until by the word of command they could move a table or stand, causing it to dance all over the room without going near it. At last, after having many experiments of this sort, which caused much merriment, Josiah was requested by the spirits to stop or he would see trouble. Josiah answered that he was not afraid of the devil. At this remark, he was violently seized and thrown down to the floor in great distress, writing in great pain, until entirely exhausted and senseless. He remained in this state half an hour, scarcely the breath of life remaining in him. The one half I have not written, nor do I dare to write it, for you would not believe me. Now I ask, what does all this mean! Is it a good spart, or as it electricity as you wrote me. I answer, read the sacond chapter of 2d Epistle to the Thessalonians. LEGISLATIVE EXCURSION. - We learn from

the Hartford Courant that the Governor, Legislature, and other State officers of Connecticut went on an excursion to the State Normal School at New-Britain, a few days since. There were addresses from various persons, and other exercises appropriate to the occasion. Henry Barnard, Esq. Principal of the School, spoke in explanation and defense of the Normal School system, and in the evening Rev. Dr. Bushbell, of Hartford, delivered a most able and eloquent address—his subject being Connecticut, and the right which all her children had of being proud of her each history. of her early history. GREAT FLOOD AT KENOSHA. - The Mil-

Wanker Wisconsin has a dispatch from Kenosha, (Wis.), giving an account of a severe flood in that region, which swept off bridges and buildings and did great damage to the roads. The people of Kenosha were completely shut in by the water, not being able to go more than half a mile from the city by land.

REV. ZADOCK THOMPSON, author of the Gazeteer and History of Vermont, has been appointed Professor of Chemistry and Natural History in the University of Vermont.